

HQ & HQ CO, 1ST COASTAL REGT, IMS, FBBU, USAFIP

UNIT COMMANDING OFFICER

1. Complaints
2. Investigating Officer's Notes
3. Rosters & Supporting papers (Coastal Regt Eppu)
4. NFC Letter Dtd 5 Apr 47 W/TIR By Capt Robert L Morton
REMARKS:



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1-True

GSCPU Copy Filed W/Cor Fil 1-True Copy Filed W/Cor Fil Regt, Lanao Military Sector 1-True Copy Filed W/TLR HEADQUARTERS
PHILIPPINES-RYUKYUS COMMAND
OPPICE OF THE COMMANDING DENERAL

GSCPU 091 PI /74/

APO 707 5 APR 1947

Mr. Ignacio Pabiliar Acmac, Free Iligan Lanso, Mindenao Philippines

Dear Mr. Pabiliars

The Commanding General has directed that you be informed that the Headquarters & Headquarters Company, First Coastal Regiment, Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Sattalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines, purporting to be a guerrilla organization under your nominal control, is not favorably considered for recognition as an element of the Philippine Army.

A set of general requirements for guerrilla recognition, established by General MacArthur during the liberation of the Philippines, has been used as a guide in considering the record of this unit. After careful investigation and full consideration of all substantiating records and testimony of witnesses having pertinent knowledge, recognition of this guerrilla unit is not deemed to be warranted because of reasons mentioned below:

a. Record of service was not substantiated by sufficient acceptable evidence.

b. The unit was not maintained satisfactorily in the field in opposition to the enemy.

c. Activities of the unit did not contribute materially to the eventual defeat of the enemy.

d. A definite organization was not established.

dates of enlistment or joining, dates of promotions; sinks, necessary related information).

activity and organization.

g. Members of the unit did not devote their entire offert to military activities in the field to the exclusion of normal civilian occupation and family obligations.

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Your attention is invited to Presidential Executive Order No. 68, Commonwealth of the Philippines, copy of which is attached, for any necessary action in connection therewith.

Sincerely,

1 Incl. Executive Order No. 68 dtd 26 Sept 45

THOMAS J. BROWN CWO, USA ASST ADJ GEN

Col Gerald F. Lillard:

- 1. The Headquarters & Headquarters Company, First Coastal Regiment, Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines, consisting of approximately 111 members, has not been favorably considered. No members have previously been recognized.
- 2. This unit does not fulfill the requirements of the five basic points for recognition. (See attached Team Leader's Report).
- 3. No useful purpose will be accomplished by further investigation of this unit.
- 4. There are no members worthy of recognition and it is doubtful that any casualty occurred as a result of the activities with the unit.

Capt R. L. Morton

Concur: Major C. H. Wentzell Actg Chief, Unit Branch



Report on the Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines

- l. The following report concerns the overall command of the Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines, consisting of approximately 128 different units. A partial list of the larger units are listed in paragraph 3 below. The Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, (LMS, FDBU, USAFIP), is also known as the "Fighting Blade Weapons Division" and the "Fighting Blood Weapon Division". A physical investigation of the unittin the field was not made nor considered necessary or desirable, but the commanding officer and other persons having pertinent knowledge of the unit's activities were contacted either personally or by correspondence. The statements of those contacted, and a complete study of the records of the unit, are reflected in the findings.
- 2. A few of the subordinate units of the Fighting Blade Weapons Division have been previously and separately not favorably considered for recognition by this headquarters. It was considered at that time that those units were only independent "Bolo Units". When this overall command was studied, these units were included for reconsideration. This report will support the previous discussion of these subordinate units of the Fighting Blade Weapons Division, and at the same time take into consideration the overall command and other subordinate units of that command, now pending under request for recognition.
- 3. The following is a partial list of subordinate units comprising the Lango Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines:

First Coastal Regiment Third Coastal Regiment Forth Coastal Regiment First Boloe Regiment Second Basak Regiment Third Basak Regiment First Unayan Regiment First Separate Regiment Western Lanao Troop Movement Upland Infantry Regiment Western Lanao Separate Special Bn Bolo Battalions Separate Battalions and Companies Special Battalions and Companies Attached Battalions and Companies Provisional Battalions

## 4. ALLEGED HISTORY:

- a. Prior to the arrival of the Japanese invading Forces on Mindanao, Brigadier General Guy O. Fort, commanding the 81st Division, USAFFE, Lanao Military Sector, organized the "Bolo Battalion," for the purpose of aiding the 81st Division. The missions of the Bolo Battalion were as follows:
  - (1) Guarding the beaches in order to give timely warning in case of enemy landings.
  - (2) Acting as Labor Battalions when so desired.
  - (3) Guarding bridges and roads.
  - (4) Guarding ammunitions, supplies and other military installations.
  - (5) Suppressing fifth column activities.

b. The "Lanao Military Sector" was divided into four units. Each unit was composed of several groups or companies, as many as there were municipalities or municipal districts in the unit. Each group or company was commanded by a Senior Leader, usually the Mayor of the municipality or municipal district, and two other leaders selected from the group or company. Each Bolo Battalion Unit was commanded by a Unit Commander; the four Bolo Battalion Units which comprised the "Lanao Military Sector" were commanded by Sector Commander, supposedly an officer of the USAFFE.

- c. On 21 May 1942, six days prior to the surrender of the 81st Division, General Fort ordered Datu Busran Kalaw to take command of the entire Blade Weapons Forces (Fighting Bolo Battalion Units), which were then extended along the coast from Iligan to Cabuano Barracks and on the Lake-Shore of Lake Lanao. On 27 May 1942, the 81st Division, USAFFE, surrendered, and three days later Datu Busran Kalaw reorganized the Bolo Battalions. "To this organization, everybody was permitted to join-members of the former Bolo Battalions, ex-USAFFE, Civil Government employees" - Numbrous companies, battalions and regiments were organized, until all the regions of Lanao, not occupied by the Japanese were covered. The organization was partly completed on 31 August 1942, and consisted of approximately ten (10) regiments, several separate, special provisional, combat, and attached battalions and companies, with a total strength of approximately 35,000 officers and men.
- d. The activities of the unit consisted primarily in continuing civil and military government and the care and protection of civilians. A few claimed skirmishes with the Japanese are discussed in more detail in the findings of this report.

- officer of the 108th Division, 10th MD, began to organized the Moros into the Maranao Militia Forces, (MMF). Datu Busran Kalaw and approximately 8,000 members of the Bolo Battalion Units were inducted into this unit; and were subsequently recognized as the Maranao Militia Force (MMF) of the 108th Division, 10th Military District.
- f. For further information relating to the alleged history of the Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines, see attached unit files.

### 5. FINDINGS:

a. The following persons were interviewed or questioned by letter and their statements are reflected in the findings:

Gen Calixto Duque	
	81st Div, USAFFE
Datu Busran Kalaw	CO, LMS, FBBU, USAFIP
Col W. W. Fertig	CO. 10th Military Dist
Edward M. Kuder	An American educator in
	Lango
Datu Mangoda	
Lt Manicha deniem	Weepler of west 7 ton
Lt Maniaba Aguam	
	joined MMF, recognized
	with 10th MD
Datu Mangoda Maulana	Member of unit, but does
	not know position
Mama Komayat	n n
Datu Darangina Diampuan	CO, Diamaa Islam Unit
Major F. M. Matas	CO. Philippine Militia
	Forces, and later recog-
	nized with MMF
Federico Salamet	
Major Gabal	Ex O to C-1 HDA formaller
major dabar	C/C C 2 Plat Dir HOLDER
Antonio Poso	A C/S-G-2, 81st Div, USAFFE
Antonio Pace	
47.6	MD
alfredo Quilban	
	tia Forces of Mindanao &
	Sulu

b. Records of service were not substantiated by sufficient acceptable evidence. The Lanao Military Sector, FBBU, USAFIP, and its subordinate units, as presented for recognition, was not in any sense a well-organized guerrilla unit. Prior to the surrender of the 81st Division, USAFFE, the Bolo Battalions were used by General Fort as "Bolo Units", "Farmer Battalions", and "Labor Battalions". According to the "Guerrilla Resistance Movements in the Philippines", a collection of monographs previously published by the Philippine Sub-Section, G-2, General Headquarters, Southwest Pacific Area, the Moros were under their own leaders, but had been paid by the USAFFE prior to the surrender. But even if they had not been paid, their activities would not constitute a claim

for guerrilla activities, but rather would be a claim for pay as labor battalions in aiding the 81st Division. Letter Order from General Fort to Datu Kalaw, ordering him to take command of the Blade Weapon Forces does not necessarily prove that the unit continued as a well-organized unit. The Guerrilla Resistance Movement in the Philippines (extract as Incl 1) and letter from Col. W. W. Fertig, (Incl 2) state that when the Japanese invading forces landed at Davao the Moro Force dissolved rapidly, and that the activities against the enemy as claimed by the Lanao Military Sector, after the surrender of the 81st Division were not the activities of the Blade Weapon Units, but a general and spontaneous uprising of the people. The records of the unit, such as General Orders, S-1 Reports, and S-2 Reports, consist primarily of promotion papers of the members of the unit. Promotions were made periodically. Each month most officers were promoted to one higher rank.

- c. The unit was not maintained satisfactorily in the field in opposition to the enemy, for prior to 27 May 1942 the 81st Division, USAFTE, dominated the area and subsequent to Sept 1942 the Maranao Militia Forces of the 10th Military District, a recognized guerrilla organization of approximately 8,000 former members from the claimant Bolo Battalions, dominated the area. Resistance activities against the Japanese during the 3-months period between these dates consisted of an uprising of the people of Lanao, and not in guerrilla activity by the LMS, FBBU, USAFIP. The statements of guerrilla leaders, as discussed in paragraphs 51, 51, 5k, indicate that the Bolo Battalions was not maintained after the surrender of the 81st Division.
- d. Activities of the unit did not contribute materially to the eventual defeat of the enemy. The "Guerrilla Resistance Movements of the Philippines", brings to the attention that the Moros were neither a valuable ally nor a dangerous enemy. The principal claim for recognition by the LMS, FEBU, USAFIP, is based upon two local battles with the Japanese in September and October 1942. The Diamaa Islam Unit, a bitter foe of Kalaw, under Datu Diampuan, also claims credit for these engagements, as indicated above and by incls. 2 and 3, written by individuals having personal knowledge. These battles can not be accepted as the activities of this or any other organized guerrilla unit. The Lanao Military Sector, FBBU, USAFIP, is therefore claiming activities which were executed by the initiative of a resentful and angered tribe, rather than by their units.
- e. A definite organization was not established. Prior to 27 May 1942, Datu Busran Kalaw was an intelligence agent of the 81st Division, USAFFE, and during the latter months of the same year he became a member of the Maranao Militia Force. Officers and enlisted men of the Lanao Military Sector, FDBU, LMS, lived with their families and supported them by means of normal civilian pursuits throughout the occupation. Practically all of the battalion commanders and ranking officers on the roster of

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this unit were mayors of the various towns or held other political positions during the Japanese occupation. The members of the unit who were interviewed, with the exception of the leaders, could not give their positions within the various units and most of them stated that there was very little organization within the unit.

- f. Adequate records were not maintained. Monthly rosters, appointment and promotion papers, dated back as far as 1942, were submitted as records; but an examination of these papers showed that most of the monthly rosters were made at one time, using carbon papers and leaving the dates blank, so that the date could be placed in later. Furthermore the paper used did not show the wear and tear of paper that had been used since 1942.
- g. Unit did not show satisfactorily continuity of activity and organization. Colonel W. W. Fertig, commanding the 10th MD, states that this unit did nothing to stop the Japanese (See Incl 2) advance and were more harmful than helpful to the USAFFE. "The Guerrilla Resistance Movement in the Philippines", supports this statement of unsatisfactory continuity of activity and organization by declaring that the Moro forces dissolved rapidly after the Japanese landed in Davao. The unit could not show any conclusive supporting evidence which would sustain their claims of activity subsequent to the surrender of the 81st Division.
- h. Members of the unit did not devote their entire effort to military activities in the field to the exclusion of normal civilian occupation and family obligations. The members of the unit holding political positions, such as mayors, continued to remain in office during the Japanese occupation. The members of the unit who were common farmers and laborers continued their normal pursuits.
- i. Attached hereto, as inclosure 2, is the first indorsement, dated 15 January 1947, from Colonel Wendell Fertig in enswer to letter from this headquarters requesting information regarding the Fighting Blade Wespons Unit. Colonel Fertig, formerly with General Fort, later became commanding officer of the 10th Military District. In his indorsement Colonel Fertig emphasized that the Blade Weapons Unit (also known as the Lanao Military Sector, FBBU, USAFIP) did nothing to stop the Jap advance and contributed nothing to the resistance prior to the surrender. He further states that the period from the surrender to the organization of the Maranao Militia Forces on December 1942 was one of non-resistance, except for the resistance of a group of Moros under Manalao Mandalinao, whose name is not included as one of the leaders of the Lango Military Sector, FBBU, USLFIP, whereas he is recognized as the regimental commander of the 127th Regiment, MMF, 10th MD. Colonel Fertig further states that the encounter between the Japanese and the Moros was occasioned by a general uprising of the people and not by the Blade Weapons Units. Col. Fertig recommends that the Blade Weapon Units and associated units in the province of Lango be not recognized.

- j. Attached herewith as inclosure 3, is a memo to Lt Col Shaftoe, former Chief of Guerrilla Affairs Branch, from Edward M. Kuder regarding the Bolo Battalions under Busran Kalaw. (It must be noted that the "Diama Islam" unit mentioned in his report is not a part of the Lanao Military Sector, FBBU, USAFIP) Mr. Kuder was an American educator who had spent years educating the Moros before the war and who later became Director of Civil Affairs for Lanao under Colonel W. W. Fertig. This memo indicated that the Lanao Military Sector, FBBU, USAFIP, is a racketeering organization, which had inducted practically all of its members into the unit during the years 1945 and 1946, and that the leaders have been collecting fees from the members inducted. Mr. Kuder has full knowledge of the activities of Lanao, during the occupation, and he recommends that this unit be refused recognition completely.
  - k. A letter "To Whom It May Concern", from General Calixto Duque formerly Chief of Staff, 81st Division, (USAFFE), and at present Deputy Chief of Staff, army of the Philippines, was presented as supporting evidence of Kalaw's activities. On interviewing General Duque, he stated that he had been with the 81st Division until the surrender and was then prisoner of war in Mindanao until January 1943. He acknowledges the appointment of Datu Busran Kalaw as special agent of the G-2 Section 81st Division, but he did not know of any of Kalaw's activities after the surrender. He further stated that the Moros of Lango were very destructive after the surrender of the 81st Division. He asserted that the Moros had ambushed some of the USAFFE members of the 81st Division while they were escaping to the hills. He also claimed that there was no organization of the Moro people and that they were a great hindrance to the people of Lanao, especially the Christians, for the Moros had attacked various Christian barrios, had raped and killed the inhabitants and had looted houses. General Duque had heard of the defeat of the Japanese at Taparan, but he did not know how it was accomplished.
  - l. An affidavit from Major Dominador Garcia, formally AC of S, G-3, 81st Infantry Division, USAFFE, was forwarded as evidence of the existence of the Bolo Battalions. When interviewed, Major Garcia stated that he knew nothing of the Activities of Kalaw, or the Bolo Battalion, after the surrender of the 81st Division.
  - m. Attached herewith as inclosure 4, is a confidential report from Operative Number one, Intelligence Section, MPC, PA, Lanao Province, Operative Number, Lt Manioba Aguam, a native of Lanao and former member of the Bolo Battalions, later became a member of the Maranao Militia Force. It is noted, that within the report, Lt Aguam brings out the fact that after the surrender of the 81st Division, many of the members of the Bolo Battalion became Collaborators, infamous looters, robbers, bandits, etc., while others continued their normal pursuits. He further states that the roster and orders submitted to this headquarters were antedated, and that the cadre of the Bolo Battalion are members of the already recognized Maranao Militia Forces.

- n. Datu Darangina Diampuam, a non-recognized guerrilla leader, who had operated in Lanao, claims that Datu Kalaw had never had an organized unit after the surrender of the 81st Division. He further stated that Kalaw is using the Bolo Battalion as a money-making proposition, in that, he is charging the members for their membership. Datu Darangina Diampuan also claims that the Moros of the former Bolo Battalion under Kalaw were more destructive during the Japanese occupation than they were constructive.
- o. It should be emphasized that the Moros of Lanao were organized into the Maranao Militia Force, with a strength of approximately 6,000 members. The Maranao Militia Force was recognized with the 10th Military District as part of the 108th Division. The dates of recognition of the Maranao Militia Force were revised back to 16 September 1942. This recognition and revision constitutes adequate and just recognition of military services the Moros of Lanao to the war effort.
- p. No useful purpose will be served by any further investigation of this univ.
- q. There are no individual members worthy of recognition with the exception of those already recognized with the Maranao Militia Force. Although some casualties are claimed in the rosters, it is assumed that these casualties occurred in the general uprising of the people, and not as members of an organized unit. These casualties or their heirs may continue to submit individual request for casualty recognition.
- 6. POLITICAL ASPECTS: Most of the leading figures in the submitted rosters are political aspirants, indicating that the unit may be used to support these politicians in their attempts to gain office.
- 7. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Lanao Military Sector, Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, United States Army Forces in the Philippines, otherwise known as the Fighting Blade Weapons Division, be not favorably considered for recognition.

ROBERT L. MORTON Captain, Ord

Robert L. Morton

See incls filed w/ Team Leader's Report in GAD.

# Extract of Guerrilla Resistance Movements in the Philippines

The Moros and the Maranao Militis Force: The Moro problems on Mindanao have long been a source of discontent and unrest. The Moros are a distinct Mohammedan group and are found throughout the Sulus, along the southern coast of Zamboanga, the southern half of Lanao Province and across Cotabato to the Davao Gulf. The Maranao (Lanao) Moros are perhaps the bravest, proudest and the most intelligent of the Philippine Moro groups: Maranao (Lanao), Maguindanao (Cotabato) and the Tao-Sugs and Samals (Zamboanga and Sulu). Intelligence, courage and pride, however, do not make the Lanao Moro either a valuable ally or a dangerous enemy. His intelligence is more nearly sly cunning, going hand in hand with treachery. The Moro has little respect for the Christian Filipino and may always be antagonistic towards him.

More villages are small, usually built up around a farming community, and the inhabitants are usually related to each other. While each community is loyal to its own leader, the leaders of these inter-related communities form as association and have a group leader, or Datu, to whom all community leaders are loyal. For the past forty years Mores have been under the control of the Philippine Constabulary, but most of the Mores remember that they were once the absolute rulers of their areas and were free to rob and murder groups less powerful than themselves. With any relaxing of police authority many of them soon return to their ancient customs of robbery and murder, with loyalty only to their immediate leaders.

To prevent bloodshed between Moros and Christians, no Moros were allowed to live on the north coast of Lanao and none lived in Bukidnon. During the chaos following the surrender, Moros came down the north slopes of the Lanao hills and began molesting the Christians. MOHGAN's retaliatory measures were so violent, however, that the feelings of the Moros were aroused more than ever, and it has been only with considerable care that the support and neutrality of the Moros was maintained. In the Dinas vicinity of southern Zamboanga no Christian deres set foot now as a result.

In January 1942, when it became evident that it would be difficult if not impossible to stem the tide of the Japanese invasion of the Philippines, Gen. FORT tried to bolster the Mindanao Force by organizing and placing thousands of Moros in holding defensive positions along key highways in the southern part of Mindanao. He organized the Moro Bolo Battalion, active young Moros armed with knives. The Moros were under their own leaders but were paid by USAFFE. They had little time for training and when the Japanese landed in Davao, the Moro force dissolved rapidly. Many prominent Moros were attached to this group and later became active in guerrilla affairs in Lanao and Cotabato.

Lt. Col. HEDGES began to organize the Moros in December 1942 - January 1943. He collected most of the former members of the Bolo Battalion and formed the Maranao Militia Force. The early leaders of the Moros in guerrilla activities were: MINDALANO, former member of the Bolo Battalion, a hot tempered young Moro; Busran KALAW of Momungan; Datu LAGUINDAB of Ganassi; Joseph SANGUILLA of Mumay and Madalum; and Datu BUNTALIS of Masiu.

By late 1942 the Moros had collected a fairly large number of weapons. After the surrender they ransacked the battlefields and waylaid civilians and former USAFFE soldiers for weapons. The threat to the guerrilla organization was real. The efforts of Busran KALAW, MINDALANO, the Sultan of Ganassi and many others to bring the Moros into line is a monumental tribute to their respect for the American people. They were supported in their efforts by very small allotments of arms and supplies from the guerrilla headquarters. The one time location of the District Headquarters in Lanab and the presence of guerrilla leaders (such as Lt. Col. HEDGES and Mr. KUDER) who knew the Moros well, were fortunate in this connection.

For political reasons the Maranao Militia Force is maintained as a separate part of the 100th Division, and is probably the best armed single group of guerrillas on Mindanao. The present organization and strength of this force is as follows:

124th Regt, MMF, Hq Rupagon, Lanao CO: Capt. Macaurog ARUMPAC	<u>Off</u> 36	1,538
126th Regt, MMF CO: Maj. Busran KALAW	118	1,124
127th hegt, MMF, now sieging Malabang CO: Capt. Manalao MINDALANO	73	788
128th Regt, MMF, now sieging Malabang CO: Maj. Anonngo BAGUINDAALI	100	951
129th Hegt, MMF, Hq Taraka, Lanao 1st Prov. Regt.	78 63	1,202
2nd Prov. Regt. 2nd, 4th, 6th 8th Separate Battalions	53	533
5 Separate Companies Total	597	8,841

Lt. Naguib GUANDY, Chinese-Moro mestizo and pre-war mayor of Malabang, has been responsible for organizing Moro resistance south of Malabang on the Lanao coast. He has protected the Christians and has kept on good terms with the Japanese to obtain supplies. KALAW is a native of Morungar, Lanao, was mayor of Momungan at outbreak of the war and is ex-provincial treasurer of Lanao. He is an associate of Capt. MORGAN, and actively resisted the Japanese since 1942. HINDALANO is an ex-school inspector, clever and courageous, very hot tempered. He was the first to fight the Japanese nater the USAFFE surrender. ALUMPAC was mayor of Lumbatan; sever, a little politico, a good manager and belongs to the Masonic order. BAGUINDAALI is popular as one of the first Moro guerrilla leaders.

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PROTACIO CABIAO 1st Lt., Inf., AUS Chief, Records Section

15 January 47

SUBJECT: "Blade Weapons Division"

TO: The Commanding General, AFWESPAC, APO 707. From Co. Wendell W. Fertig, Det Pat Fitzsimons Gen Hospital, Denver 8, Colorado.

- Mar 46, this same general subject, and I will reiterate the recommendation contained in that letter (Incl 3). Therefore in my opinion this group is not entitled to recognition for any activities following the organization of the 10th Military District on 16 Sept 42. All men who assisted my unit after that date have been included in regular unit resters and duly recognized. Thus the Blade Weapon units are entitled to no consideration except for services rendered between the date of their organization (about Jan 42) and the date of 16 Sept 42.
- 2. That period comprises two general but diverse phases. The first covers the passive and active phase of the Mindanao campaign prior to the surrender of General Fort and his forces on 29 May 42. During the invasion period April 30 4 May 42 while I was actually with General Fort, he placed great confidence in the help to be gained from the Blade Weapon units which he had organized. This help was not forth coming. THEY DID NOTHING TO STOP THE JAP ADVANCE. When the debacle followed after 4 May 42, the Moros engaged in wide scale locting. In July 42, Lt Col Charles Smith, CE (then a civilian employee of the USED) stated that General Fort was forced to surrender since his reserve food stores and ammunition had been looted by the Lando Moros. From evidence, which I believe was conclusive, the Blade Weapon units contributed nothing to the resistance cause during this first phase.
- 3. The second phase of inertia that extended from 29 May 42 until 16 Sept 42, was one of quietness except for the continued resistance of Manalao Mandalinao (Now Representative from Lanao in the Philippine Legislature) and his group in conjunction with that of Datu Aguam. The Japs failed to win this group. In August, a company of Japanese were wiped out on the east shore of Lake Larao, but that was done of a general uprising of the people and not by the Elade Meapons Unite.
- 4. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION. A caraful study of this problem was made during the occupation period, and I found little evidence that the Blade Weapon units contributed to the featuring of the resistance movement. It is therefore recommended that this and associated units in the province of Lanao be 101 recognized.

Wendell W Fertig Colonel CE

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PROTACIO CABIAO 1st Lt Inf., AUS

Chief, Records Section

(Incl 2)

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Manila 9 June 1946

MEMO for Lt. Col Shaftoe, Chief, Guerrilla Affairs Division, AFWESPAC, on Lanao Guerrillas.

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### THE DIAMA ISLAM

This is an organization which deserves considerable credit for providing the big impetus that turned most of the Lanao Moros against the Japs.

I was in Lanao, with the Moros and the guerrilla movement from the moment the Japs invaded Lanao, April 29-30, 1942 up to Sept 29, 1943. I was never in Japs hands, but had to leave Lanao for Australia by submarine on Sept 29, 1943, due to illness.

Hence, although I did not see the fights the Diama Islam put up, in fact was about 50 kilometers away, still I had eye without reports of it within two days afterward, and observed how the whole province rang with the exploit of Sept 12, 1942, and how the Moios were stirred up and inspired by it.

It is true there had been encounters and ambushes prior to this, but this was the first big pitched battle. The speed with which the Japs were overwhelmed and wiped out, all but one many made an enormous impression on everyone including the Japs. Our intelligence at that time indicated that they asked for two divisions for Mindanao, one for Lanao alone and the other for the rest of the island. I do not think the Jap force was so large as the Diama leaders claimed, for I checked the number of dead several times with people who counted the corpses at the time. The figure I get most often from them was 129 Japs, and some Filipinos, used as cargadors by the Japs, who were caught in the circle of fire. The Moros did not bother to count them.

After this disaster the Japs bombed the whole east side of the Lake, where the fight occured (Tamparan) for nearly a north, using from 3 to 11 planes daily, other tried again in mid-Jetoper 1942. This time they came with around 500-600 troops, in trucks, using the road around the north end of the lake.

They were again attacked by the Diama warriors and this time did not try to stand their ground, but fled to a wooded hill, loging some of their trucks in the process. At the hill, they were able to rally and hold off through attackers until the latter's ammunition ran low, and until reinforcements came to enable them to retreat. The Moros lost about 20 men in this fight and claimed heavy losses for the Japs, but as the Japs carried them dead and wounded away, we had to wait for our intelligence in Dansalan (Jap main garrison) to

Page 1 of Incl 3

report. This report put the Jap total casualties at under a hundred.

But the Japs never came back, and never again patrolled in the interior of Lanac, although they maintained their garrison at Dansa-lan by virtue of the highway to Iligan, and at Ganassi by means of the Lake, from Dansalan.

Thus, within five months after Corregidor, the interior country of Lanao was freed of the Japs and remained free. This was a remarkable achievement and is due largely to the Diama Islam.

Since the Japs never returned they had no more fighting to do, but did guard the lake to prevent supplies from reaching the Japs.

As the Diama Islam was self-supporting in the way of food, guns and ammunition, many of its members found economic pressure too strong hence joined the Maranao Militia Force under Col. Fertig, some months later, for the sake of better pay and supply.

Pride, perhaps misplaced, kept the others from joining and held them to something of a home guard organization.

Yet, it must not be forgotten that they battled and best the Japs before Fertig even started, and it must also be realized that had it not been for the beatings and fight they gave the Japs, been crushed.

The Diama Islam rendered a real service.

Their leader claims 4,599 men on his roll. Personally, I think this is greatly exaggerated. I don't believe they could possibly have more than 2000 men. This jibes well with the population figures for that area, but, knowing as I do how factional the Moros are among themselves, I would examine even that figure with caution.

I beliele the Diama Islam is entitled to some recognition after careful investigation.

The Bolo Battalion, under Busram Kalaw

I understand this outfit claims 40,000 members. If such is their claim it is the wildest fabrication. The "seat" of this organization was in the area along the Dansalan Iligan road. If it had 40,000 members why could it never close that road, nor take the Jap outpost of 20 men guarding the Pantas bridge, when between 1000 and 2000 Diama Islam could beat the Japs so badly in the Diama's home territory?

Busran Kalaw, the Bolo Battalion leader, may claim credit for the Diama Islam's exploit at Tamparan. It may be true that he was there, but his back was to the Japs, and it was in trying to overtake him that the Japs ran into the Diama.

Busran never got closer than 5 kms to the Japs, and I never saw him with as many as 200 men, although I saw him a dozen of times during the guerrilla times.

There was a real Bolo Battalion organized by General Fort before the Japs came, April 29-30, 1942, but it never exceeded 5,000 men and virtually all of these joined the MMF under Fertig.

After Fort's surrender, to give him credit, Busran Kalaw tried to sir up resistance against the Japs, but he had a following only in his own area, Baluy, the thinnest populated area of Lanao. He could not possibly have had one thousand men.

It was not until late 1945 and now in 1946 that so many members were "enlisted" in their outfit. It has much racketeering in it, with contributions collected from the members to pay for preparing rosters, giving birthday or baptismal presents to its leaders and their children, sale of "commisions" etc. As it stands now it is 99% fake. One of its officers a "major" or "Lt. Col." Buleg Mangobara, was actually a dog of the Japanese and guided their patrols.

I would turn this outfit down, cold and completely.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Edward M. Kuder
Actg. Div. Supt, of Schools for Lanao
ex-Director of Civil Affairs for Lanao under
Col W. W. Fertig

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1st Lt Inf., AUS

Chief, Records Section

Page 3 of Incl 3

HEADQUARTERS

LANAO PROVINCE

MILITARY POLICE COMMAND PA

Intelligence Section

MA/33a-

APO 159 12 Apr 46

### CONFIDENTIAL

Subject: Bolo Battalion, History of (Lanao Province)

TO: PPM, Lanao Prov, MPC, PA - APO 159

Fairly reliable if not very accurate story of the history of the Moro Bolo Bathalion organization in Lanao, is here, submitted by this section not for jealousy nor selfishness, neither for aggrandizement, but as intelligence section of the Agency of the government, it will in some how dissipate any shadow of doubt on the part of the Philippine Govt much the United States. This story will not only help clear the doubts of AFWESPAC, but will in one way guide AFWESPAC to recompense justly the very patriots.

Some where in the later part of Docember 1941, letters from the Provincial Governor were sent to all Municipal and Municipal District Mayors urging each Mayor to organize in their own districts, Voluntoer Guards. To give more inspiration and incentives to accomplish result to the maximum the order was propagandized thru out Lanao, that this Volunteer Guards is enunciated by the most Filipino beloved Late President Manuel L. Quezon. The Volunteer Guard was very successful.

Then and efterward some where in the earlier part of February 1942, if not January 1942, Brig Gen Guy O Fort, CO of the 81st Division (USAFFE) stationed in Lango Province authorized the organization of the Bolo Battalion. He himself (Gen Fort) being a good and sincere friend to the Maranaws for many years went around the Moro villages stressing or the importance of Loyalty to the gov't one owes an allegiance. He himself (Ger Fort) witnessed and even sworned before the Koran (Sacred Mohammedan Bible) with many leading Datus that they being members of the Bolo Battelion will, in all means resist the enemy, the Japanese, and even sworned that they (Datus) will never surrender to the Japanese if in case the Japanese might succeed vanquishing the USAFFE. Again Mayor. (District Mayors) were made immediate leaders of their respective districts. Many Mayors and Datus were given shot guns and even spring-field rifles Cal 30 Ml to give them more interest in leading their own people. In the months of March and April, 1942, Mayors especially of Watu, Tugaya, Bacolod, Madalim, Midamba, Ganassi, Pualas, Tatarikan, and Binidayan were each given seven days to guard at Barorao beach, at Malabang, Lanao to watch and report immediately any sign of Japanese ships seen on the Liliana Bay. This was by rotation. Even teachers headed by their District supervisor were one time volunteered to guard at Barorao.

So far, every Mayor, was allowed fifty (50) companions. They were being transported there by Army Trucks purposely designated for use of the Bolo Battalion. Officers in the USAFFE assigned by Gen Fort to inspect and guide the Moro Bolo Battalion were Major Suarez now Colonel, he is somewhere in Sulu, 1st Lieut. Mamarinta Lao, now Capt, Commanding the 64th MP Co, Lanao Prov, MPC, PA, 3d Lt Mohamad Ali Dimapore now 1st Lieut. Commanding the 69th MP Co, Lanao Prov, MPC, PA, 3d Lt Santos Imperial, now in the 5th Repl Bn and 3d Lt Mantoyan Bayolan; There officers perhaps do not know even the number of the Bolo Battalion that time, they were handing the organization. Major Gabal that time was the pane approving certificate of an individual recommended by the District Mayor to be a member of the Bolo Battalion.

### History of Bolo Bn, Cont'd

Now figuring and comparatively speaking there are 33 Municipal Districts in the province of Lanao and not all actively organized the memberships for the Bolo Battalion. Let us take for granted that the 33 municipal districts did actively in the organization of the Bolo Battalion and again let us not count that every district Mayor had their fifty memberships, let us even make it 100 for each Mayor or let us put it for 200 or 300 which is really not the truth, then of the 33 Mayors there will be let us say 300 for each, thus there were 9,900 members. Now granting that there were 9,900 Bolo Battalion, but during the Japanese invasion between Malabang and Ganassi there were roughly 60 Moro Bolo Battalion members present. Mayor Suarez had a personal knowledge of this number for he was with them that night of May, 1st 1942.

Again when the USAFFE in Lanao surrendered to the Japanese on the later part of May 1942 of this rough estimate of 9,900 Bolo Battalion some of them continued to resist the enemy called loyal and patriots afraid of the Koraan, some went to the Japanese as Collaborators, some of them became famous looters, robbers, Army murderers, bandits, kidnappers of Christians and Subanon on the eastern part of Zamboanga, some went as active traffickers of white slavery and while few stayed further Japanese garrisons and devoted on farming. This was the truth of where the Bolo Battalion went and what each did.

Those few who went to the mountains continued resisted the enemy did something very splendid in stirring the minds of the Lanao Moro Public to mention some of them, there were Datt Busran of Balo-i, Datu Manalao Mindalanao of Uya-an, and Lumbatan, Sultan sa Ganassi the late Aguam Dpatuan, the late Datu Laguindab all Ganassi, Datu Ananggo Bagindali or Ramsin, Datu Baod of Pagalogan, Datu Malamit Umpa of Kapatagan and some few Datus of Tamparan Districts. These Datus mentioned above really did something in arousing the people of Lanao. This was more than 3 months before the organization of the 10th MD under Col Fertig was organized and more than 6 months before the organization of the 108th Division under Col Hedges. It is further stated that at Tamparan Districts after the Tamparan incident of September 12, 1942 when Japanese petrol was wiped out entirely there was one group there called Diama Islam who really fought the Japanese and until now they are intact nor they were recognized as guerrillas.

Above Datus mentioned after the 108th Division was organized units, called the Bolo Pattalion were inducted into the USFIP and there was a great joy for they were all happy being told by Col Hedges that they become a part of the United States Army and whatever previliges given or due to American soldiers and officers, they are also entitled. This goes to say that the Loyal Bolo Battalion that remained in the mountains became the nucleus of the Lanso Guerrilleros. Almost 95% of the Bolo Battalion became the Lanso Guerrilleros under the 108th Division who were long time processed by the 8th Army. The only outfit that did not submit for processing because they were not recognized was the Disma Islam.

Last May 1945, Mayor Navarro, Inspector General of the 10th MD had a complete and correct list of the Maranao Guerrilleros. He got more than 8,000 men both officers and EM. This was the whole MMF (Mranaw Militia Force) already recognized by the 8th Army since 17 April 45. This story is speaking of the real comparison and a truth that of the more than 8,000 Maranaos recognized guerrilleros which then 95% or 90% of them were the members of the Bolo Pattalion could be considered Bolo Bn members from February 1942 up to the time they were inducted to the USFIP by the 108th Division. Now make it 9000 and estimate the Diama Islam make them 3,000 the highest estimate that will only bring 12,000. Now for the Christian Guerrilleros of Lanao make them 4,000 or more and Lanao will have about 17,000.

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The Christian Guerrilleros genuined at that organized by Morgan are not counted here.

To give more support for this story Mr. Edward M. Kuder the only American with the Maranaws in the mountains in 1942 can also be asked.

However, for the present submitted strength of Bolo Pattalion to the AFWESPAC there were those names found in the defunct 108th Division for they were either officers or EM in that outfit.

OPERATIVE

#1

P. S.

Anti dated rosters and orders, framed up reports and statements and entering names in the 1945 submitted Bolo Bn, Rosters are mostly in the rosters of the MMF now in the files of the defunct 108th Division, 10th MD, Great Anomally.

Note Operative #1 is:

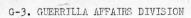
Lt Manioba Aguam
Dept of Interior
City Hall, Manile, P.I.

Copy Reproduced: 15 March 47

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Chief, Records Section





			111
FILE	NO.	129	116

### FILE REFERENCE SLIP

NAME OF UNIT	Hq & Hq Co., 1st Coastal R	egt, LMS, FBBU, USAFIP
C. O. OF UNIT	IGNACIO PABILLAR	
OVERALL COMMA	ND Lanso Military Sector	
GEOGRAPHICAL	LOCATION Acmac, Free Iligan,	Lanso, Mindanso
CROSS REFEREN	CE FILE NO	
INCLUDED PAPE	EAM LEADERS REPORT BY COLD	hopp
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( ) U	NIT HISTORY	
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I	NCLUDED UNITS	STRENGTH
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THE STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES
FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT
LANAO MILITARY SECTOR
In the Field

ROSTER OF TROOPS
"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. (Station) (Date)
1. Initial roster of officers and troop, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt., The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of officers and enlisted men of "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt, LMS, who reported and whre accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.  2. Unless otherwise set opposite his name each officer and enlisted man mention in the roster is present at the station indicated above.  IGNACIO PABILLAR  (Signature)  IGNACIO PABILLAR  Capt., FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. 1st Coastal Regiment
OFFICERS
1. Ignacio Pabillar Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq"Co, lst Coastal 2. Timoteo Salon lst Lt., Ex. O. Regt. 3. Julio Quidlat 2nd Lt., J. O. 4. Primitivo Tagolimot 3rd Lt., J. O.  NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS
1. Baldomero Cagoy lst Sergeant 2. Higino Lacsi Sergeant 3. Luis Emano

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND883078

#### PRIMATES, FIRST CLASS

1. Constancio Galorio
2. Luciano Vagrasco
3. Catalino Taburnal
4. Leopoldo Nine
5. Eulogio Aranas
6. Miguel Quemque
7. Tomas Ditchon
8. Pedro Cayran
9. Proferio Cailing
10. Anastacio Esconde
11. Teofilo Tatoy
12. Alejandro Balansag
13. Marcos Balles
14. Tomas Sadana

#### PRIVATES

1. Leon Nadayag
2. Felipe Secola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bartolome Canisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Francisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
8. Felomino Saramosing
9. Inorato Perolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Gabisay
12. Paulo Arvelo
13. Basilio Hagnas
14. Montano Perez
15. Patricio Allega
16. Nicomedes Paday
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Nicomedes Paday
19. Pio Ehem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Fedro Ello
22. Francisco Demecillo
23. Macario Tare
24. Sofronio Aristoteles
25. Segundo Diaz
26. Alejandro Larego
27. Bernardo Navaja
28. Marcos Lato
31. Marciano Cabarse
32. Marcos Lato
33. Marcos Lato
34. Vidal Gonting
35. Catalino Montambaba
36. Felix Abres
37. Magno Llopes
36. Florentino Condrado
40. Marcos Saguin
40. Marcos Lato
40. Marcos Leto
41. Rosalino Bualat
42. Vevencio Legaspin
44. Crispin Robio
44. Francisco Robio
45. Francisco Robio
46. Ramon Bacuaja
47. Silvino Jariol
48. Ruperto Lomahon
49. Pedro Scouzan
49. Pedro Abadies
51. Miguel Bellapos
52. Pedro Llanes
53. Macadomero Ablin
54. Pedro Gonzaga
55. Francisco Raposala
56. Elivabro Gonzaga
57. Magno Lapes
58. Aledomero Ablin
59. Marcel Dapana
50. Emilio Bombio
60. Eugenio Aguarin
61. Gregorio Apag
62. Raymundo Tingson
63. Claro Pabillar
64. Basilida Lapes
65. Porferio Lacanaria
66. Inocentes Ello
67. Genaro Ello
68. Antonio David
69. Angel Ja

#### UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR In the Field

#### MONTHLY ROSTER OF TROOPS

"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. Acmac, Free Iligan Aug. 51, 1942 (Orbanization) (Station) (Date)

1. Monthly roster of officers and troop, "Hq & Hq" Go, 1st Coastal Regt. The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of the officers and enlisted men of "Hq & Hq" Go, 1st Coastal Regt, IMS, who reported and were accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.

2. Unless otherwise wet opposite his name each officer and enlisted man mention in the roster is present at the station indicated

above.

2

IGNACIO PABILLAR Capt. FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. 1st Coastal Regiment

#### OFFICERS

1. Ignacio Pabillar --- Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastel
2. Timoteo Salon --- 1st Lt., Ex.O. Regt.
3. Julio Quidlat --- 2nd Lt., J.O.
4. Primitivo Tagolimot --- 3rd Lt., J.O.

#### NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

1. Baldomero Cagoy - - - - 1st Sergeant 2. Higino Lacsi - - - Sergeant 3. Luis Emano

4. Francisco Lacsi 5. Soriano Lacsi

6. Olympio Galocgoc Corporal

7. Baldomero Quinante 8. Bederito Apuya 9. Pelagio Gordan 10. Eugenio Raposala

11. Blas Beliota 12. Luis Cagoy 13. Marciano Aranas

14. Melecio Sacapcap

15. Teofilo Legaspi 16. Manuel Suico 17. Pedro Tanguamos

> DECLASSIFIED Authority NND893079

#### PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

1. Constancio Galorio
2. Luciano Vagrasco
3. Catalino Taburnal
4. Leopoldo Nine
5. Eulogio Aranas
6. Miguel Quemque
7. Tomas Ditchon
8. Bedro Cayran
9. Porferio Cailing
10. Anastacio Esconde
11. Teofilo Tatoy
12. Alejandro Balansag
13. Marcos Balles
14. Tomas Sadana

#### PRIVATES

1. Leon Nadayag
2. Felipe Secola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bertolomo Canisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Francisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
8. Felomino Saramosing
9. Inorato Perolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Gabisay
12. Paula Arvelo
13. Basilio Hagnas
14. Miguel Bellapos
14. Miguel Bellapos
14. Miguel Bellapos
15. Patricio Allego
16. Hoises Cino
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Nicomedes Paday
19. Pio Bhem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Podro Ello
22. Francisco Demecillo
22. Francisco Robio
34. Modesto Cabagnas
35. Segundo Dizz
36. Algandro Larego
27. Bernardo Nayvaja
28. Francisco de la Cruz
29. Pastor Cabarse
30. Emiliano Cabarse
31. Videl Gonting
32. Crispin Lato
33. Magno Llopes
36. Florentino Abadies

GAINS DURING THE MONTH

#### GAINS DURING THE MONTH

None

LOSSES DURING THE MONTH

None



UNILED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR In the Field

#### MONTHLY ROSTER OF TROOPS

"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. Acmac, Free Iligan 30 Sept. 142 (Station) (Organization)

Regt. The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of the officers and enlisted men of "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt, IMS, who reported and were accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.

2. Unless otherwise set opposite his name, each efficers and enlisted man mention in the roster is present at the station indicated

(Signature)

IGNACIO PABILLAR Capt., FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. 1st Coastal Regiment

#### OFFICERS

1. Ignacio Pabillar - - - Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal - - - - Lst Ltl, Ex.O. Regt.

11

11

2. Timoteo Salon 7 - - - - 2nd Lt., J.O. 4. Primitivo Tagolimot - - - - 3rd Lt., J.O.

#### NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

- 1. Baldomero Cagoy - - - - 1st Sergeant
- 3. Higino Lacsi Sergeant
- 3. Luis Emano 4. Francisco Lacsi
- 5. Soriano Lacsi 6. Olympio Galocgoc - Corporal
- 7. Baldomero Quinante
- 8. Federito Apuya
- 9. Pelagio Gordan 10. Eugenio Raposala
- 11. Blas Beliota
- 12. Luis Cagoy 13. Marciano Aranas
- 14. Melecio Sacapcap
- 15. Teofilo Legaspi
- 16. Manuel Suico
- 17. Pedro Tanguamos



#### PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

L. Constancio Galorio
2. Luciano Vagrasco
3. Catalino Taburnal
4. Leopoldo Nine
5. Eutôgio Aranas
6. Miguel Quemque
7. Tomas Ditchon
8. Pedro Cayran
9. Porferio Cailing
10. Anastacio Esconde
11. Teofilo Tatoy
12. Alejandro Balansag
13. Marcos Balles

12. Alejandro Balansag

#### PRIVATES

1. Leon Nadayag
2. Felipe Secola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bartolome Canisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Francisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
8. Felomino Saramosing
9. Inorato Perolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Gabisay
12. Paulo Arvelo
13. Basilio Hagnas
14. Montano Perez
15. Patricio Allego
15. Patricio Allego
16. Nicomedes Paday
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Nicomedes Paday
19. Pio Ehem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Pedro Ello
22. Francisco Demecillo
23. Alejandro Larego
24. Sofronio Aristoteles
25. Segundo Diaz
26. Firancisco de la Cruz
27. Bernardo Navaja
28. Francisco de la Cruz
29. Pastor Cabarse
30. Emiliano Cabarse
31. Marcaino Cabarse
32. Marcos Lato
33. Crispin Lato
34. Vidal Gonting
35. Catalino Montalaba
36. Felix Abres
37. Magno Llopes
38. Plorentino Abadies

#### DAINS DURING THE MONTH

None

LOSSES DURING THE MONTH

None



#### UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR In the Field

#### MONTHLY ROSTER OF TROOPS

"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. Acmac, Free Iligan October 1, (Ortankzation) (Station)

l. Monthly roster of officers and troop, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of the officers and enlisted men of "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt, LMS, who reported and were accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.

2. Unless otherwise wet opposite his name each officer and enlisted man mention in the roster is present at the station indicated

above.

IGNACIO PABILI (Signature)

IGNACIO PABILLAR Capt., FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. 1st Coastal Regiment

#### OFFICERS

- 1. Ignacio Pabillar - - - Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal 2. Timoteo Salon Regt.
- - - lst Lt., Ex.O. --- 2nd Lt., J.O.
- 3. Julio Quidlat ---- 2nd Lt., J.O. 4. Primitivo Tagolimot --- 3rd Lt., J.O.

#### NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

- 1. Baldomero Cagoy - - - - 1st Sergeant
- 2. Higino Lacsi - - - Sergeant
- 3. Luis Emano
- 4. Francisco Lacsi 5. Soriano Lacsi
- 6. Olympio Galocgoc - - - - Corporal
- 7. Baldomero Quinante
- 8. Federito Apuya
- 9. Pelagio Gordan
- 10. Eugenio Raposala
- 11. Blas Beliota 12. Luis Cagoy
- 13. Marciano Aranas
- 14. Melecio Sacapcap
- 15. Teofilo Legaspi 16. Manuel Suico
- 17. Pedro Tanguamos



#### PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

1. Constancio Galorio
2. Luciano Vagrasco
3. Catalino Taburnal
4. Leopoldo Nine
5. Eulogio Aranas
6. Miguel Quemque
7. Tomas Ditchon
8. Bedro Cayran
9. Porferio Cailing
10. Anastacio Esconde
11. Teofilo Tatoy
12. Alejandro Balansag
13. Marcos Balles
14. Tomas Sadana

#### PRIVATES

1. Leon Nadayag
2. Felipe Secola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bartolome Canisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Francisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
6. Felomino Saramosing
9. Inorato Perolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Gabisay
12. Paula Arvelo
13. Basilio Hagnas
14. Montano Perez
15. Patricio Allego
16. Moises Cino
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Micomedes Paday
19. Pio Bhem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Pedro Ello
22. Francisco Demecillo
23. Macario Tare
24. Sofronio Aristoteles
25. Pernardo Nafvaja
28. Francisco de la Cruz
29. Pastor Cabarse
30. Emiliano Cabarse
31. Marciano Cabarse
32. Magno Llopes
33. Ellorentino Montalaba
36. Felix Abres
37. Magno Llopes
38. Florentino Month

GAINS DURING THE MONTH

None

LOSSES DURING THE MONTH

None



#### INITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR In the Field

#### MONTHLY ROSTER OF TROOPS

"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. Acmac, Free Iligan November 31, 1942 (Organization) (Station) (Date)

1. Monthly roster of officers and troop, "Hq & Hq" Co, lst Coastal Regt. The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of the officers and enlisted men of "Hq & He" Co, 1st Coastal Regt, IMS, who reported and were accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.

2. Unless otherwise wet opposite his name each officer and enlisted man mention in the roster is present at the station indicated

above.

Signaturo)

IGNACIO PABILLAR Capt., FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. 1st Coastal Regiment

#### OFFICERS

--- Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal 1. Ignacio Pabillar 2. Timotec Salon --- 1st Lt., Ex.O.
3. Julio Quidlat --- 2nd Lt., J.O.
4. Primitivo Tagolimot --- 3rd Lt., J.O.

#### NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

- 1st Sergeant 1. Baldomero Cagoy 2. Higino Lacsi - - - Sergeant

3. Luis Emano

h. Francisco Lacsi 5. Soriano Lacsi

6. Olympio Galocgoc - - - - Corporal

7. Baldomero Quinante 8. Dederito Apuya

9. Pelagio Gondan 10. Eugenio Kaposala

11. Blas Beliota

12. Luis Cagoy 13. Marciano Aranas

1. Melecio Sacapcap

15. Teofilo Legaspi

16. Manual Suico 17. Pedro Tanguamos



#### PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

1. Constancio Galorio 8. Pedro Cayran
2. Luciano Vagrasco 9. Porferio Cailing
3. Catalino Taburnal 10. Anastacio Escondo
4. Leopoldo Nine 11. Teofilo Tatoy
5. Eulogio Aranas 12. Alejandro Balansag
6. Miguel Quemque 13. Marcos Balles
7. Tomas Ditchon 11. Tomas Sadana

1. Leon Nadayag
2. Felipe Secola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bertolome Cenisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Prancisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
6. Felimino Saramosing
9. Inorato Porolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Cabisay
12. Paula Arvelo
13. Easilio Hagnas
14. Migno Robio
15. Patriclo Allogo
16. Noises Cino
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Nicomodes Paday
19. Fio Ehem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Pedro Ello
22. Prancisco Democilio
23. Macario Tare
24. Sofronio Aristoteles
25. Segundo Mag
26. Alojandro Larogo
27. Bernardo Narvaja
28. Francisco de la Cruz
29. Pastor Cabarse
30. Emiliano Cabarse
31. Marcas Lato
32. Porterio Lacanaria
33. Claro Padillo
34. Porferio Lacanaria
35. Claro Padillar
36. Polix Abres
37. Magno Llopes
38. Florentino Abadies
39. Polix Durino The North

#### GAINS DURING THE MONTH

None

LOSSES DURING THE MONTH

None



## UNID STATES ARMY FORCES IN TO PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR In the Field

#### MONTHLY ROSTER OF TROOPS

"Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt. Acmac, Free Iligan 36 Decimbel 2 (Organization) (Station) (Date)

l. Monthly roster of officers and troop, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st doastal Regt. The following roster consisting of 2 sheets contain the names of the officers and enlisted men of "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastal Regt, IMS, who reported and were accepted for service on or before midnight of the above date.

2. Unless otherwise set opposite his name, each officers and en-

above.

IGNACIO PABILLAR (Signature)

IGNACIO PABILLAR Capt.,FBBU, "Hq & Hq" Co. lst Coastal Regiment

#### OFFICERS

1. Ignacio Pabillar --- Capt., CO, "Hq & Hq" Co, 1st Coastel
2. Timoteo Salon --- 1st Ltl, Ex.O. Regt.
3. Julio Quidlat --- 2nd Lt., J.O.

4. Primitivo Tagolimot - - - 3rd Lt., J.O.

#### MON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

1. Baldomero Cagoy --- lst Sergeant
2. Higino Lacsi --- Sergeant
3. Luis Emano --- "
4. Francisco Lacsi --- "
5. Soriano Lacsi --- "
6. Olympio Galocgoc --- Corporal
7. Baldomero Quinante --- "
8. Federito Apuya --- "
9. Felagão Copdan --- "
10. Eugenio Raposala --- "
11. Blas Belibta --- "
12. Luis Cagoy --- "
13. Marciano Aranas --- "
14. Melecio Sacapcap --- "
15. Teofilo Legaspi --- "
16. Manuel Suico --- "

17. Pedro Tanguamos



#### PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

1. Constancio Galorio
2. Luciano Vagrasco
3. Catalino Taburnal
4. Leopoldo Nine
5. Eulagio Aranas
6. Miguel Quenque
7. Tomas Ditchon
8. Pedro Cayran
9. Porferio Cailing
10. Anastacio Esconde
11. Teofilo Tatoy
12. Alejandro Balansag
13. Marcos Balles
14. Tomas Sadana

#### PRIVATES

2. Felipe Scoola
2. Felipe Scoola
3. Claro Francisco
4. Bartolome Canisaries
5. Balorio Laraga
6. Ricardo Francisco
7. Hermogenes Esconde
8. Felomino Saramosing
9. Inorato Perolino
10. Magno Robio
11. Cornelio Gabisay
12. Paulo Arvelo
13. Basilio Hagnas
14. Montano Perez
15. Patricio Allego
15. Patricio Allego
16. Micomedes Paday
17. Vicente Dapanas
18. Nicomedes Paday
19. Pio Ehem
20. Pascual Hortelano
21. Pedro Ello
22. Francisco Demecillo
23. Macario Tare
24. Sofronio Aristoteles
25. Segundo Diaz
26. Alejandro Larego
27. Bernardo Navaja
28. Francisco de la Cruz
29. Pastor Cabarse
30. Marcos \*ato
31. Marciano Cabarse
32. Marcos \*ato
33. Claro Tare
34. Vidal Gonting
35. Catalino Montalaba
36. Felix Abres
37. Magno Llopes
36. Florentino Abadies

DAINS DURINO THE MONTH

39. Florentino Condrado .

#### DAINS DURING THE MONTH

None

LOSSES DURING THE MONTH

None



## UNITED STATES ARMY FORCESIN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLD BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR HQ, LST COASTAL REGIMENT

31 August 1942

Subject : MONTHLY SUPPLY REPORT-

TO : The CHIEF SUPPLY OFFICER, General Headquarters, FEEU, LMS (Thru Channels)

Submitting to that headquarters, Foodstuffs and supplies, procured, and used by this regiment from the period 1st Aug up to 31 st August 1942.

allu	ased by Girs regrider Trom one	berrod the week of the persons	-7-110-
Date	-PROCURRED FROM	'Supplies & Foodstiffs	' Amount
Aug 1st	1 Mrs CATALINA Vda BADELLES	' 200 sacks Corn	17 1,000.00
2	1 -do-	' 1 Big Pig	1 15.00
2	-do-	1 2 Gts Salt	1 4.00
3	FELINON ALVARAN	1 36 Chickens	1 18.00
4	1 TOMAS YAMILO	1 1 Small Pig	1 8.00
6	' CLEMENTE HATAMOSA	' 1 Carabao	1 235.00
7	' ALFONSO BADELLES	* 3 Gts Salt	1 6.00
15	MAXIMO ECHIVERRI Sr.	1 1 Cow	40.00
15 2 <b>0</b>	ROMAN SUAREZ	1 40 Chickens	20.00
22 25	SULPICTO CAPALAC	1 Big Pig	1 15.00
	R. FORTUNADO	1 Carabao	35.00
27	* CASAMIRO CINCO	1 5 Doz Eggs	1 3.00
30	'ANTONIO ISOC	6 5 Gts Salt	10.00
			₽ 1209.00

ANASTACIO C. BADELLES

Capt, Inf., FBBU,LMS, Regt'l S-4 lst Coastal Regt



## UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FEBTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY UNIT HQ, IST COASTAL REGIMENT

30 September 1942

Subject : MONTHLY SUPPLY REPORT -

TO : The CHIEF SUPPLY OFFICER,
General Headquarters, FBBU, LMS,
(Thru Channels)

Submmiting to that headquarters Foodstuffs and Supplies, procurred and used by this regiment from the period covering 1st Sept '42 up to 30 Sept '42

Date 1	PROCURRED FROM	'Supplies& Foodstuffs' Amount
12 1 15 1 20 1	MAXIMO ECHEVERRI Sr. BENITO LABAO JUAN REUYAN POLICARPO ABESTILIAS ALICINSO BADELLES FELIMON ALVARAN GREGORIO MENDOZA -do- CASTOR HATAMOSA	50 Sacks Corn
		P690-00

ANASTACIO C. BADELLES
Capt., Inf., FBBU, LMS,

Regt'l S-4 1st Coastal Regt.

#### UNITED STATES APMY FORCES IN THE HILIPPINE

FIRST BOLO BATTALTON UNIT-LAMAO NI TTARY SECTOR HQ, let COASTAL FRO I JET

30 October1942

Subject : MCNTHLY SUPPLY REPORT \*

TO : The Chief SUPPLY OFFICER ,

General Headquarters, FBBU, LMS,

( Thru Channels )

Submmitting to that headquarters Foodstuffs and Supplies procurred and used by this regiment covering the period from 1st Oct 42 up to 31 st Oct 42.

-			
Date	P ROCUPRED FROM	'Supplies& Foodstuffs'Amo	ount
Oct I	RROMAN SUAREZ	100 Sacks Com P500	J.W
3	1 -d0-	1 1 Big Pig 11:	5.00
5	PRIMITIVO MARIKIT	1 40 Chickens 1 20	0.0
10	CASANTRO CINCO	1 1 Big Pig 11	5.00
13	JUAN MARIKIT	1 2 Small Pigs 1 20	0.00
16	ANTONIO ISOC	' 5 Gts Salt ' 10	0.00
20	PRIMITIVO ERMAC	1 1 Pig 11:	5.00
25	1 FELIPE BOYBOY	1 50 Sacks Corn 1250	0.00
27	· ESTONG DENIO		0.00
27	1 -d0-	' 2 Small Pigs 20	0.00
30	1 JUAN FEUYAN	1 1 Cow 1 A	0.00
37.	! BENITO LABAC	1 1 Big Pig	5.00
		P-9/4	0.00

ANASTACIO C. BADELLES Capt., Inf., FBBU, LLS,

Regt'l S-4 1st Coastal Regt.

# UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN TH PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LAMAO MILITARY SECTOR HQ, 1ST COASTAL REPTENT

30 November 42

Subject : MCTTLY SUPPLY REPORT -

TO : The CHIEF SUPPLY OFFICER, General Headquarters, FBBU, IMS, (Thru Channels )

Submitting to that headquarters Foodstuffs and Supplies procurred and used by this regiment covering the period from 1st Nov:42 up to 30 Nov:42.

Date   Nov lst  2   5   5   7   8   10   14   17   20   25   27   8	PROCURRED FROM BENITO LABAO GREGORIO MENDOZA ALIPIO MARIKIT -do- RAMALE ALIPHO GRACIANO ALIPHO CRISPINO HAZAMOSA Dr. FORUMADO MAMERTO MARIKIT CATALINA BADELES GREGORIO MENDOZA	'Supplies & Foodstu ' 50 Sacks Corn ' 2 Big Pigs ' 1 Carabao ' 5 Gts Salt ' 1 Big Pig ' 1 Sack Mongos ' 1 Cow ' 100 Sacks Corn ' 1 Big Pig ' 30 Chickens ' 1 Cow ' 2 Small Pigs	18250.00 1 30.00 1 35.00 1 16.00 1 15.00 1 40.000 1 500.00 1 15.00 1 40.00 1 40.00 1 40.00 1 40.00
			P988.00

ANASTACIO C. BADELLES
CAPT., Inf., FBBU, IMS
Regtil S-4 1st Coastal Regt.



# UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR HQ, IST COASTAL REGIMENT

31 December 142

Subject : MONTHLY SUPPLY REPORT -

T 0 : The CHIEF SUPPLY OFFICER, General Theadquarters, FBBU, LMB, (Thru Channels)

Submitting to that headquarters Foodsbuffs and Supplies procurred and used by this regiment covering the period from 1st Dec '42 up to 31stsDec '42.

Date	1	PROCURRED FROM	1	Supplies & Foodstu	ffs 'A	mount
Dec 1st	1	PABLO PADILLA		100 Sacks Corn		500.00
1	1	-d0-	1	1 Cow	1	40.00
3	1	TOMAS YAMILO	1	5 Gts Salt	1	10.00
3	1	-do-	1	30 Chickens	1	1500
7	1	IGNACIO ERMAC	1	1 Carabao	1	35.00
10	1	ARSENIO CINCO		1 Big Pig	1	15.00
15	1	MARTIN BADELLES		1 Sack Mongos	1	20.00
17	1	R. FORTUNADO	1	50 Sacks Corn	1	250.00
, 20	1	SOTERO BAGABUYO	1	1 Cow	1	40.00
21	1	OBEN SANSON		1 Big Pig 1 Sack M	ongos	35.00
27	1	MAXIMO ECHIVERRI Sr.		30 Chickens	1	15.00
30	8:	-do-		1 Cow	1	40.00
30	1	EUGENIO EGOT	1	1 Carabao	1	35.000

ANASTACIO C. BADELLES
Capt., Inf., FBBU, LMS,
Regt'l S-4 lst Coastal Regt

UNLIED STATES ARMY FOR CAS IN THE PHILIPPINES
FIG. TING BOLD BATTALION UNIT
LANGUA MILITARY SECTOR
Headquarters, 3rd Coastal Bn, 1st Coastal Regt.

2 September :42

SUBJECT: MONTHLY STRENGTH REPORT

TO : The Chief personnel officer

. GAQ, FBBU, LMS.

THRU : Channels

- 1. Attached herewith is the monthly strength report for the month of August ending midnight 31 August '42
- 2. No changes in officers strength in a company "A", "B", "C" Hq Service Co.
- 5. Changes in strength of Enlisted mon was incurred as is indicated in the report.

FOR CHIEF PERSONNEL OFFICER:

Adj. & S-1 officer, 3rd Coastal Bm.

Inclosure:

1. Strength Report (Conso lidated) .

Distribution:

1. Co 3rd Coastal Bn

2. Co Ast Coastal Bn

3. GHQ, FDBU, Las

4. File 2 copies

### UNLIED STATES ARMY FORCES IN THE PHILIPPI NES

- Headquarters, 3rd Coastal Bn, 1st Coastal Regt.

### MONTHLY STRENGTA REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31 Aug. 1942

Initial Strongth of Officers
Total number of officers per roster
Total number of Em por restor
Total of Officers and Em on duty 521
Total BATTALION STRENGTH

Adj. & S-1 Officer, 3rd Coastal Bn.



## UNHOUD A.S PORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHEING BOLO BATTLION UNIT LANAO BRITTEREVESEDEDER

guly 1; 1942

GEBERAL ORDERS

By virtue of the power vested in me as Commanning Geheral of the FIGHTING BOLD MATTALION UNIT, Lanac Military Sector, the fol-aowing appointments of officers in the 2nd Ba. 4th Coastal Regiment FEBU, Lanac Military Sector together with their respective assignments and designations are hereby announced effective as of 18 July 1942.

#### TO BE FIRST LIEUT FBBU- IMS

1. EMEDIO TAMONDONG, Battalion Commander

#### TO SEASECOND LIEUT FRBU- LMS

ROMAN SUAREZ En Executive Officer & S-3
MSICHOR ZERNA, C6. EQ & EQ Service Co & S-4
MARCELO GALLARDO, CO "E" Company
TERSO DABUISONAN CO "E" Company
VIGENTE SALSOS, CO "E" Company
MELINTEN TUNDAG CO "H" Company

#### TO THIRD LEIUT FRBU-LMS

JOSE ESCOTO Bn Adjutanta S-1 LEONINO CABARUG EO "R" Company GREGORIO TAPIA EO "E" Company GONZALO MEJAS EO "G" Company VICENTE CANEDO RO "H" Company FABIAN AMISTOSO Provost Officer & S-2 PASTOR DELA SERNA JO "F" Company JUSTO GAID JO "H" Company JO "G" Company CALLETO CANETE BALVINO DELACRUZ JO "M" Company JACENTO SAGRADO JO "H" Company ALEJANDRO TANEDO JO By& Co JO WHII Company LACONA, JORGE ADRIANO SENIORON JONF" Commay PANPASO GALORIO JO "C" COmpany EACARIAS CAOMERAN JO "G" COmpany JO "H" Company GUALBERTO PALANG FEDIECCO, ALIN JO "E" Company 30 "F" Company JAIME SSAGRADO

Commanding General FUBU- LMS

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Authority NND8850-78

Manufal General, PEBU- LINE

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#### SWI -AREA SURVINGENETT ISSUE OF OF

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#### TO BE CAPTAINS TRBUL LARS

Captain Int Filloho TANONONG - Rattolion Courander

### SUI -AGEA BOLTAL ER OL

Dolo TATTALION Unit Lens promotions of officers of the Firsting Bolo TATTALION Unit Lens being the Firsting Military Sector, is bereby announced for the Firsting Military Sector, is bereby announced for the Firsting Military Sector of the Firsting Milita

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GENERAL OFFICE

LOLOLO ALVAITAN OVAVI AINN ROITVAAVA OTOA EXAMAS GAANAN DIRAGATTIBA DAA AU SEONOA EEAMAS GAANAN UNITED STATES TO RGS IN THE PHILIPPINES
FIGHTING BOLD BATTALLON UNIT
LANAO MILITARY SECTOR
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
TO the Field

1 August 1942

NO..... 6-A)

By virtee of the powers vested in me as Commanding General of the Fighting Bolo Battalion Unit, Lenac Military Sector, the following Officers aftery they have shown their country and loyalities for the accommissments of their assigned missions, are hereby consistence effective as of 18 July 1942, as follows:

TO IN CAPPLIES, TRUE, LES
FIG LIAUCH STAGE STAGE STAGE STAGES
IGNACIO PABILLAR
ATASTAGIO BADELIES TOTL S-4
TOLAS P. SOLALA
RAMMA ABRAGAI STOTL S-2
RAMMA ABRAGAI STAGES
XX XX XXX

TO BE PI ST LIZUELATES FROM 185
THI 07210 3 ALGO! 1997 19 - 3 50 Hq HQ co
RATOS JOSE 00 Hg SV Co 574 C. BE
GENERAL BASO 00 Hg SV Co 445 C. BE
GENERAL BASO 00 Hg SV Co 574 C. BE
GENERAL SECTION OF STATES OF SECTION OF SEC

TO BE CHOOL LINES ATS FROM INS
JULIO QUILLAR
ATTENNO LUMA
POLICATED ATTENTILLA
DO LASCY OF HIGH'L STAY
POLICATED ATTENTILLA
DO 19 3° CO 4th C. En
Prov. 07 Prov. 07

XX XXX XXXX

TO BE WITD TABUENATES FROM NYS
FRITTIVO TAGOLIUCT HEGT'L S-2 On duty
GENGOLIO LENDOZA JO HQ S' Co 4th C. Bn
SENGIO LABAO JO HQ S' Co 4th C. Bn
1036 0021EDO JO HQ S' Co 4th C. Bn

The above commanders with their officers are regulated to submit his roster of troops for the recting

Commanding General

Copy furnished:

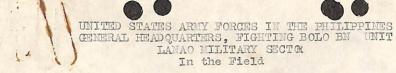
CO 3rd C. Regt

officers concerned

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hority NND88307

2,000



25 July 1942

SPECIAL ORDER)

1. Effective 25 July 1942 the following changes of assignements and designations of officers in the Coastal Area is hereby announced as indicated above their names below:

732 Captain Juan D. Echiverri Actg. CO 3rd Coastal Regt.
Authorized by this command to organize the 3rd Coastal Regiment.
First Lieutenant Bénjamen Adeva Inf, Regt'l Adjutant 3rd Coastal Regt.

2. Upon receipt of this order the officers on neerned will relinquish duties with their reliefs and assume duties accordingly. Travel order directed is necessary in the public service.

DATU BUSKAN KALAW Commanding General FBBU IMS

Copy furnished:
TAG,
CO 4th Coastal Bn
CO 3rd Coastal Bn
CO 2nd Coastal Bn
File
all concerned



UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES
GENERAL WEADQ MART HS, FINTING BOLO BN UNIT
LAMAO WILTRAY SECTOR
In the Field

15 Oktober 1942

GENERAL ORDERS)

1. Effective today the following officers are promoted to the GRADE OR RANK AS indicated above their names below:

TO BE MAJOR

Capt. JUAN D. ECCIVERRI, Inf, FBBU, LIB CO, 3 d.C. Regf.

DATU BUSHAW KAHAW Commanding General FBBU, LAS

Copy Furnished:

TAG file

CO 1st Coastal Fegt.

## UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR

3 Sept '42

GENERAL ORDERS

The following promotions of Officers of 3rd Bn, 3rd Coastal Regiment, FBBU, IMS, is hereby announced effective 16 Aug '42:

TO THE RANK OF CAPTAIN
LSt Lieut ANASTACIO D CAPANGPANGAN

TO RANK OF FIRST LIEUTEMENT
2nd Lieut PONCIANO M. PITOGO
2nd Lieut PAULINO PABRO — 1322nd Lieut FLORENCIO CABALLERO
2nd Lieut FAUSTO ORELLANA — 1342nd Lieut AMADO M PITOGO — 1342nd Lieut EUGENIO ERMAC — 1342nd Lieut ANASTACIO ENGLATIERA — 1342nd Lieut MARIANO ROSALEO — 134-

TO RANK OF SECOND LIEUTENANT

3rd Lieut FELIX DUMAGUET - 134

3rd Lieut EMILIANO HERBITO - 134

3rd Lieut RICARDO ALIVIO - 134

3rd Lieut GUELIERMO FONTANILLA - 134

DATU BUSRAN KALAW Commanding General FBBU, IMS

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Officers Concerned
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## UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES FIGHTING BOLO BATTALION UNIT LANAO MILITARY SECTOR G H 4.

· 28 Sept '42

GENERAL ORDERS)

The following promotions of Officers of 3rd Bn, 3r d Coastal Regiment, FBBU, LMS, is hereby announced effective as of 15 Sept '42:

TO THE GRADE OF MAJOR Capt ANASTACIO D CAPANGPANGAN

TO THE GRADE OF CAPTAIN

1st Lieut PONCIANO M PITOGO

1st Lieut PAULINO PABRO

1st Lieut FLORENCIO CABALLERO

1st Lieut FAUSTO ORELLANA

1st Lieut AMADO M PITOGO

1st Lieut EUGENIO ERMAC

1st Lieut ANASTACIO ENGLATIERA

1st Lieut MARIANO ROSALEO

TO THE GRADE OF FIRST LIEUTENANT 2nd Lieut FELIX DUMAGUET 2nd Lieut RICARDO ALIVIO 2nd Lieut EMILIANO HERBITO 2nd Lieut GUELIERMO FONTANILLA

TO THE GRADE OF SECOND LIEUTENANT
3rd Lieut TOMAS YAMILO
3rd Lieut MOISES NAHUMAN
3rd Lieut ISIAS HERBITO
3rd Lieut JOSE BALINDONGAN

COPY FURNESHED:
All Concerned
F i l e



Commanding General FBBU, IMS

DATU BUSRAN KALAW